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1.2 binutils 2.17

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1.3 boa 0.94.14

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1.4 bridge-utils 1.0.6

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/* Simple sanity-check for D-Bus message serialization.

*

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1.8 eloop 2002-2009

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Source code files were moved around in v0.6.x releases and compared to earlier releases, the programs are now built by first going to a subdirectory (wpa_supplicant or hostapd) and creating build configuration (.config) and running 'make' there (for Linux/BSD/cygwin builds).

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1.11 fakeroot 1.9.5

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I suppose 'libtricks' will take the quest of finding border-cases for the GPL yet one more (small) step forward. Does every dynamically linked executable fall under the GPL once someone said `LD_PRELOAD=libtricks.so.0.0 executable'? That seems to be a rather strange interpretation of the GPL.

The way I (as author of libtricks) see it:

- you're free to link any program with this library and run it.
- Only when you give away or sell copies of a program that is
 set up to use this library (or needs it), that program will be
 considered a ``work based on the library", and thus fall under GPL.

I've considered using LGPL, but I decided against that because

- I still don't quite understand it's terms.
- I actually don't want a program that really needs this library to be distributed with any other licence than (L)GPL.

joost witteveen.

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1.12 fcgi 2.4.0

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1.13 gcc 4.2.1

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1.15 gmp 4.2.1

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- b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
- c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.
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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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# PURPOSE: Class definition for handling toasters via [incr Tcl].
 AUTHOR: Michael J. McLennan
                                     Phone: (610)712-2842
#
       AT&T Bell Laboratories E-mail: michael.mclennan@att.com
#
#
    RCS: $Id: Toaster.tcl,v 1.1 1998/07/27 18:41:31 stanton Exp $
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1.20 iperf 2.0.4

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1.21 iproute2 2.6.18

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1.22 iptables 1.4.21

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Version 2, June 1991

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1.23 libmxml 2.7 :2011-12-20

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```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

That's all there is to it!

/* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)

* nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)

*

- * Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.
- * http://www.hypermall.com/
- * 10/1/97 commented out CFG_PHYIE bit we don't care when the PHY
- * interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)
- * 10/4/97 began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos
- * and spelling mistakes.
- * 10/5/97 added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on
- * loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is
- * re-established. (put back CFG_PHYIE)

k

* Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.

*

* R. D. Rechenmacher <ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997

*

- * Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.
- * PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;
- * see init_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver
- * expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists
- * (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.

*

- * Implementing minimal-copy of received data:
- * IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers
- * as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create
- * the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)
- * Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire
- * SDU, and leave <small_buffer_data> bytes empty at the start. Then
- * copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.
- * Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large
- * buffers. This is done by 2 things:

```
1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle buffer
        combined, allow nicstar_free_rx_skb to be called to
        recycle large data buffers
     2) skb clone of received buffers
  See nicstar_free_rx_skb and linearize_buffer for implementation
    details.
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* M. Welsh, 6 July 1996

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1.27 ntpclient 2010

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1.28 openssl 0.9.7l

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金本 茂 <sgk@happysize.co.jp>

%#9670;**%**#23653;**%**#27508;**%**#9670;

1998/11/10 sgk implementation in C++

1999/4/25 sgk Cで書きなおし。

1999/4/26 sgk

入力フィルタを実装。漢 3383;コードを推定しながらフィルタを追加。

1999/6/?? Unicodeサポート。

1999/6/22 sgk

ライセンスをLGPLに変更。

1.30 sstrip Unknown

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*

- * Aug 23, 2004 Hacked by Manuel Novoa III <min3@codepoet.org> to
- * handle targets of different endianness and/or elf class, making
- * it more useful in a cross-devel environment.

*/

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1.32 uboot 2009.06

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1.33 uClibc 0.9.29

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```

```
That's all there is to it!
```

/*

* FreeSec: libcrypt for NetBSD

*

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*

* Adapted for FreeBSD-2.0 by Geoffrey M. Rehmet

- * this file should now *only* export crypt(), in order to make
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*

- * Adapted for FreeBSD-4.0 by Mark R V Murray
- * this file should now *only* export crypt_des(), in order to make
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*

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*

- * This is an original implementation of the DES and the crypt(3) interfaces
- * by David Burren <davidb@werj.com.au>.

*

- * An excellent reference on the underlying algorithm (and related
- * algorithms) is:

*

- * B. Schneier, Applied Cryptography: protocols, algorithms,
- * and source code in C, John Wiley & Sons, 1994.

*

- * Note that in that book's description of DES the lookups for the initial,
- * pbox, and final permutations are inverted (this has been brought to the
- * attention of the author). A list of errata for this book has been
- * posted to the sci.crypt newsgroup by the author and is available for FTP.

*

- * ARCHITECTURE ASSUMPTIONS:
- * It is assumed that the 8-byte arrays passed by reference can be
- * addressed as arrays of u_int32_t's (ie. the CPU is not picky about

```
* alignment).
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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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- d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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That's all there is to it!

1.35 uClibc_config 0.9.29

1.35.1 Available under license:

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The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1950.txt (zlib format), rfc1951.txt (deflate format) and rfc1952.txt (gzip format).

1.39 zlib-1.2.3 1.2.3

1.39.1 Available under license:

/* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library version 1.2.3, July 18th, 2005

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